

The Pacific Commercial Advertiser

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, April 18.—Last 24 Hours' Rainfall, trace.
Temperature, Max. 76; Min. 70. Weather, close and warm.

ESTABLISHED JULY 2, 1856.

SUGAR.—96 Degree Test Centrifugals, 3.92c. Per Ton, \$78.40.
88 Analysis Beets, 10s. 5 1/4d. Per Ton, \$84.00.

VOL. XLIX., NO. 8328.

HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, MONDAY, APRIL 19, 1909.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

APPROPRIATION BILL AS PASSED BY THE SENATE NEAR THREE MILLIONS

**Bill That Would Cause
Hardship on Prop-
erty Owners Is Ex-
posed.**

The appropriation bill for the biennial period beginning July 1 received final consideration at the hands of the Senate on Saturday, and, incidentally, the trifling sum of \$115,000 was added to the measure, bringing the grand total of the measure, as it will go before the conference committee of both houses, to \$2,997,455. The House of Representatives is known to be strongly opposed to several of the amendments made to the bill by the Senate, and it is believed that considerable diplomacy and mutual concession will be required before the conference committee is through with its labors.

The bad features of a bill intended to make the property-holders pay for all the sewers that have ever been laid in Honolulu, were conclusively exposed by Senator W. O. Smith yesterday. The measure intends to assess present property-holders for sewers built at any time in the past, and would mean the collection of about half a million dollars.

The bills intended to carry out the idea of more control for the counties passed third reading in the Senate on Saturday, embodying the amendments suggested by the committee of the whole at its sitting Friday.

The charges that have been made against several officials connected with the Department of Agriculture and Forestry are going to be investigated by a special committee of the Senate. In conformity with a resolution introduced Saturday by Senator Palmer Woods, calling for the appointment of an investigating committee, President Smith named Senators Woods, Knudsen and McCarthy as the official investigators.

Some of the "charges" are understood to be against Dr. Norgaard and Superintendent Hosmer, the claim being that Dr. Norgaard drew his salary for a period of three months when not in the Territory. The allegations are not regarded very seriously in the Senate.

Ex-Vice President Fairbanks will number a Senate committee among his hosts when he arrives here Friday. In response to a resolution submitted yesterday by Senator McCarthy, President Smith named Senators Kalamia, Fairchild, McCarthy and Makioka as members of a reception committee.

The grand jury report to Presiding Judge De Bolt of the Circuit Court was received in the Senate Saturday, suggesting that some means be provided for the extradition of Abe, the Japanese forger.

After stating that true bills of indictment have been found against Peter Nawal, for burglary in the first degree; Antonio Reyes; Emory Harris, assault with a weapon; and Yoshitaro Abe, for forgery, the report says:

"We would respectfully urge upon the Legislature of the Territory of Hawaii now in session to appropriate sufficient funds to enable the proper authorities to procure the extradition of the above-named Yoshitaro Abe, who is now upon his way to Japan."

"We are informed that Yoshitaro Abe was formerly extradited and brought back from the Empire of Japan to answer a charge of forgery, but that owing to a variance between the proof and the indictment in his case, the Territory failed to obtain a conviction."

"We are further informed that Japanese residents of Honolulu, and citizens of Honolulu, contributed largely to the expense of such extradition, and we believe that it is in the interests of justice that Yoshitaro Abe should be prosecuted, and if possible a conviction obtained, as the offenses with which he is charged constitute a serious crime, striking at the roots of commercial confidence and calling for strenuous prosecution to protect the business community, and vindicate the law."

Indorse A. J. Campbell.

The following communication was received and read in the Senate yesterday:

Hon. W. O. Smith, President of the Senate, Session 1909.

Sir: We, the undersigned banks, mercantile corporations, and others, desire to express our regret at the action of the Senate, in its failure to approve

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**Medical Bill 'Passes---
Liberal in Terms---
House Does Only
Routine Work.**

The House put five bills through third reading Saturday morning, including the substitute medical bill, which is almost diametrically opposite in its provisions to the bill introduced by Douthitt, of which it took the place in committee.

The original bill was one for the creation of a medical trust, "pure and simple, being so strict in its provisions that the prayers in St. Andrew's for the Royal Family would have placed the congregation in line for indictment. The substitute throws open the doors for the osteopaths and the Christian Scientists, cuts out the necessity for a license-fee payment and otherwise makes things easy.

Kaniho, it is true, saw some flaws in the bill. His eagle eye saw that under it there would be some restrictions on the hosts who can cure leprosy if given the chance. Feeling that the House was in a complacent mood, he endeavored through eloquence to have these trifling restrictions cut out. He got some support, but not enough.

Cummins' Claim Allowed.

After some debate, Senate Bill 95, to provide for the repayment to John A. Cummins of \$5000, paid by him as a fine for treason in the days when such things could have been, was passed. In the bill it is stated that the plea of guilty to the crime was presented inadvertently and without an idea that it would come so high.

Other Bills Passed.

Huddy's sinking fund bill, House Bill 217, passed without debate, although it looked to some members like a waste of good money to be buying bonds which had outlived their usefulness. The bill is to apply to bonds already issued or those which may be issued.

House Bill 216, also relating to bonds, passed. This bill provides that all bonds issued under authority of Act 42, Session Laws of 1903, shall bear interest at 5 per cent., payable semiannually, and be redeemable at such times as will comply with the requirements of the Organic Act.

Senate Bill 137, which authorizes the turning over of all road fund balances in the treasury to the counties entitled to them, was passed.

New Bills Still Come.

Shingle introduced a new bill prescribing and defining the duties of the board of regents of the College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts. The bill accepts the Federal grant and provides that all lands and other property acquired shall be the property of the Territory in perpetuity.

Asks Reexamination.

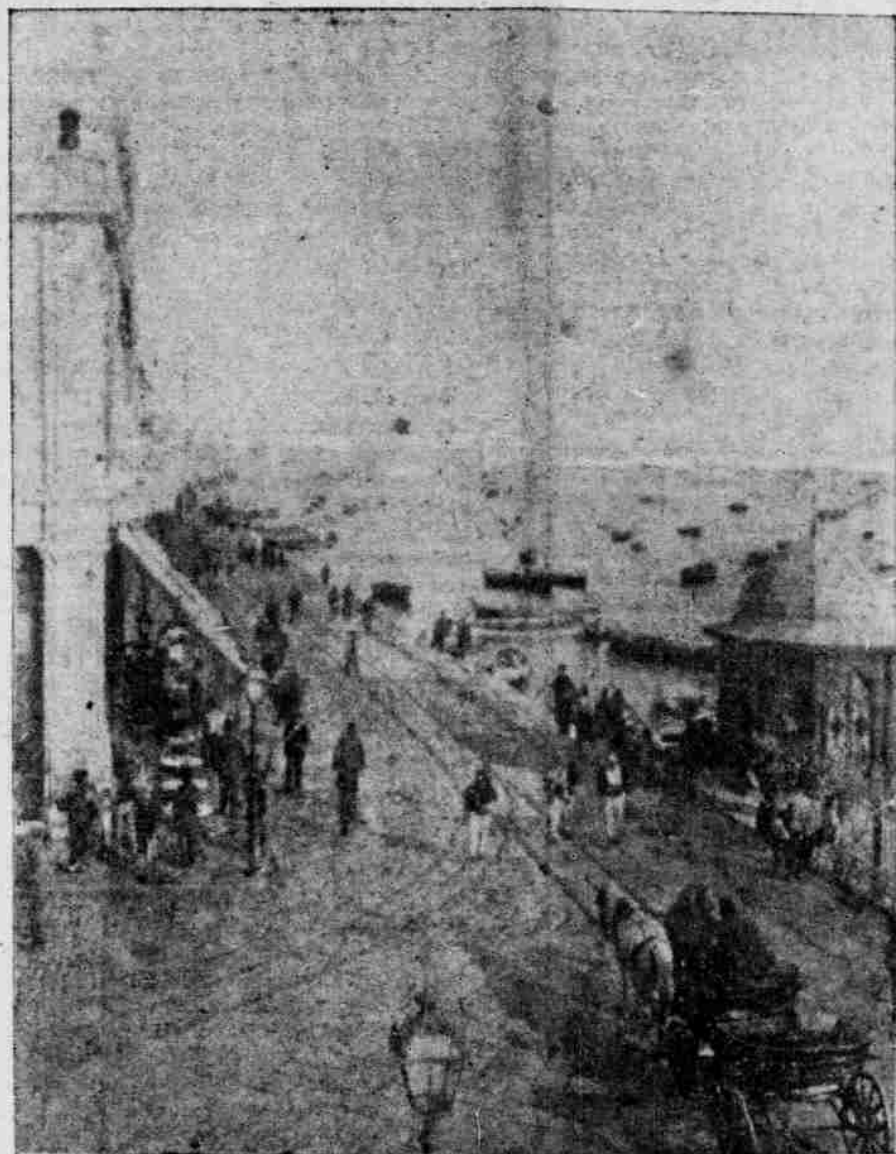
A resolution was presented by Kaniho, and passed, asking that the Board of Health be asked to re-examine Charles Walnut, who has been at the Settlement for the past twenty years and who, with his friends, does not believe himself to be a leper.

FRED POTTER TO TAKE HAWAII FISHES ON DIX

Lloyd Childs, who is in charge of Hawaii's exhibit for the Seattle Exposition this summer, is preparing for the transportation of live fishes from Hawaiian waters which are to be exhibited in the Hawaii building. However, there is no certainty that there will be any fish for display, as the transportation of the fish will be experimental. The first consignment will go forward on the transport Dix, due here the first part of May from Manila, en route to Seattle. Special tanks will be used, and Fred Potter, who is in charge of the Aquarium, will accompany the exhibit on the vessel.

Should the experiment be successful, or even only partially successful, a second consignment will be sent up on the Fish Commission steamer Albatross in July or August.

THOUSAND DIE IN STREETS OF BEIRUT AND CITY IS BURNING



SALONIKA.—VIEW OF WATERFRONT AND QUAY—WHERE THE TURKISH INSURGENTS HAVE ESTABLISHED HEADQUARTERS.

CAVALRY COLONEL IS DEAD

(Associated Press Cablegram.)

MANILA, April 19.—Colonel Jacob A. Angur of the 10th Cavalry died yesterday from heart disease.

Colonel Angur was fifty-nine years old. He was the son of General Christopher C. Angur, and has been in the Army since 1869, having served as commanding officer of the 10th Cavalry since 1902. He served chiefly on frontier service until 1880, taking part in the Republican River expedition, and being engaged in the Prairie Dog Creek battle and on duty in the Ute expedition in 1879. He had served as instructor in the Infantry and Cavalry schools. He went first to the Philippines in 1899.

TARIFF, STORY OF UPS AND DOWNS

**May Be Three Months Before
Last Chapter of Revision
Is Written.**

(Mail Special to the Advertiser.)

WASHINGTON, April 18.—The tariff bill—revising upward or downward very much as one chooses his point of view—furnishes a thrilling story of daily ups and downs. Asher Hinds, the Speaker's parliamentarian, who has been through two or three such tariff fracas, says the impression always prevails, when revision is at its height, that the roof of the Capitol is on fire and that everybody had better join the extinguisher brigade. And yet, somehow or other, after a few weeks the excitement dies down, the tariff gets revised, the kickers continue to kick in diminishing energy, and finally the country gets once more upon an even keel and things progress as of yore.

All the same, the current days are tempestuous. No other bill ever occupies the attention of Senate and the attention of House and the attention of both together as long or as intensely as does a tariff bill. There are beaten paths from divers directions to the White House offices, beaten within the last month by tariff framers. These framers have been hastening morning, afternoon and evening to talk it over with Brother Taft, to suggest some new scheme for raising revenue, to ask him to help take off a duty odious to a given locality, or to raise a duty too low to suit a given locality. There are depressions in the mosaic that paves the corridor leading to Speaker Cannon's room at the Capitol. They have been worn by the shoes of Western Congressmen who demand a duty on hides, and by the feet of Congressmen asking for free lumber and for higher duties than the Payne bill imposes.

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GIN AND BULLETS FOR BREAKFAST

Paaluh Inaugurates New Custom in Manoa and Lands in Jail.

Following a light breakfast yesterday at which liquor was served between courses, Paaluh, an old Hawaiian resident of upper Manoa valley, finished up his meal by taking a pot-shot in the direction of a part-Hawaiian and Portuguese-colored woman, who has been the cause of much trouble in the Paaluh home. A telephone call to the police station brought a police officer to the seat of trouble and in a short time Paaluh was numbered among the Sunday guests at the station, where he is held for investigation by Deputy Sheriff Rose.

Breakfast was served quite late in the forenoon at Paaluh's house. The booze had been opened up before breakfast and everybody about Paaluh's place had a few sips of liquor. During the breakfast time Paaluh and the woman engaged in an altercation, which resulted in a scrap, and ended in Paaluh ordering her from the premises. As she went out she claims that Paaluh went into his bedroom and, returning with a revolver, fired it at her. Anti-breakfast libations had unsteadied the man behind the gun and she was not hit. Paaluh claims that he only shot the bullet into the air, intending to speed the departing guests merely by the noise. Later on, the woman exhibited a swollen cheek and eye and claimed that Paaluh produced the abrasions with his fists.

A couple of weeks ago the same woman awoke Judge Andrade after midnight and when the judge opened his door he saw a frightful object. The woman sobbed a story to the effect that Paaluh had beaten her. She showed a face which was beaten to a jelly. A year or more ago this woman usurped the place of Paaluh's wife and both of them forced the wife to leave her home. Complaints were numerous to the police at that time against Paaluh and the woman. The wife finally sued for divorce and died about a year ago of a broken heart at her husband's infidelity.

American Missionaries Among the Slain---Warships Hastening to Aid of Refugees in Mercina---Army of 32,000 Ready to Descend Upon Constantinople.

(Associated Press Cablegrams.)

BEIRUT, Asiatic Turkey, April 19.—One thousand persons have been killed in the uprising centering in this city, including two American missionaries, Rogers and Maurer. The British Vice Consul has been wounded. The city is being destroyed by fire, which is raging, and fighting in the streets continues.

READY TO INVADE CAPITAL.

LONDON, April 19.—A despatch received here yesterday from Salonika states that an army of thirty-two thousand insurgents is there armed and mobilized and ready to invade Constantinople.

WARSHIPS TO THE RESCUE.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 19.—Three French warships are en route to Mercina, where the foreigners have taken refuge in the consulates of the powers. A British warship is also proceeding to this point.

MOSLEMS THREATEN ANOTHER CITY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 19.—Alexandretta, in Asia Minor, is reported to be threatened with attack by the Moslems.

PORTE HOPES FOR THE BEST.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 19.—A committee has been sent by the government to Salonika to negotiate with the troops gathering there and threatening this city. It is believed that an amicable understanding can be reached.

TWO THOUSAND PERSIANS MASSACRED BY TURKS

ST. PETERSBURG, April 19.—Advices received here from Teheran, Persia, state that two thousand persons have been massacred in the province of Astrabad, Persia, by raiding Turcomans. Russian troops have been ordered to the scene of the disturbance.

TARIFF DEBATE BEGINS TODAY IN THE SENATE

WASHINGTON, April 19.—The debate upon the Tariff Bill will be begun today in the Senate.

COLONEL MAUS PROMOTED

WASHINGTON, April 19.—Colonel M. P. Maus of the 20th Infantry has been promoted to the rank of brigadier general in place of Angur, who is slated for promotion.

DICKINSON ON INSPECTION TRIP

WASHINGTON, April 19.—Dickinson has departed for the Panama Canal strip, where he will make an inspection of the work going forward.

SAVAGES KILL JAPANESE CAPTAIN

MELBOURNE, April 19.—Captain Komino, a Japanese trader, has been killed by natives of the Admiralty Islands.

OPIUM PROHIBITION HAS GONE INTO ACTIVE EFFECT

Collector of Customs Stackable has received the formal regulation from the Treasury Department at Washington, prohibiting the importation of opium except for medicinal purposes. The Secretary of the Treasury's notice includes the congressional act approved February 9, 1909, which sets forth that after April 1, 1909, it shall be unlawful to import into the United States opium or any preparation or derivative thereof; provided, however, that opium and preparations and derivatives thereof, other than smoking opium or opium prepared for smoking, may be imported for medicinal purposes only, under regulations which the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe, and when so imported shall be subject to the duties which are now or may hereafter be imposed by law. The act states that if any person shall fraudulently or knowingly import or bring into the United States, or assist in so doing, any opium or any preparation, etc., contrary to law, or shall receive, conceal, buy, sell or in any manner facilitate the transportation, concealment or sale of such opium after importation, the same shall be forfeited and the offender shall be fined in any sum not exceeding \$5000 nor less than \$50, or by imprisonment for any time not exceeding two years, or both. Whenever, on trial for a violation of the law, the defendant is shown to have, or to have had, possession of such opium or preparation, such possession shall be deemed sufficient evidence to authorize conviction, unless the defendant shall explain the possession to the satisfaction of the jury.

The Secretary of the Treasury explains that opium covers gum opium, powdered opium, demarcotized opium, granular opium, smoking opium, cooked opium, etc. Opium (other than smoking opium), and the preparations and derivatives thereof, imported for medicinal purposes, may be entered for immediate transportation in bond to and for consumption, or for warehouse at the following-named ports, and no others: Baltimore, Boston, Chicago, Detroit, Honolulu, New Orleans, New York, Philadelphia, San Juan, San Francisco, Seattle and St. Louis.

Importers shall keep separately from other records a record of all sales of imported opium and derivatives or preparations of opium, showing the names of purchasers, their place of business, date of sale, and the name and quantity of the article sold, which record shall be kept open to the inspection of the proper customs officers.